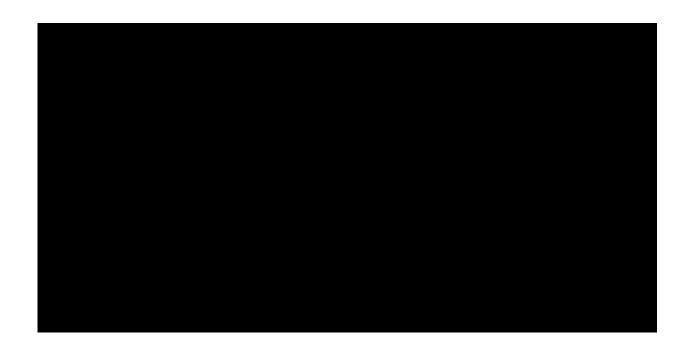
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BRIANFROUD

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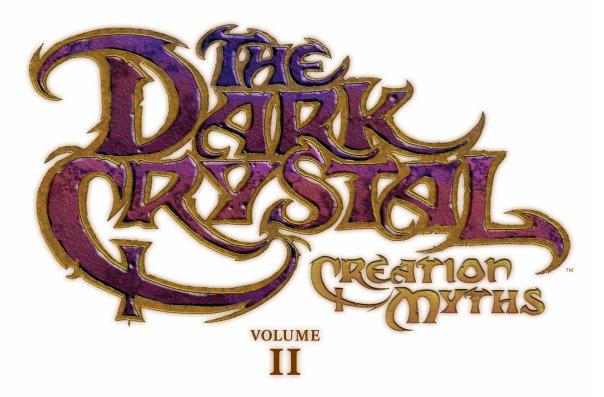
ANOTHER WORLD... ANOTHER TIME... IN THE AGE OF WONDER











Concept, character designs and cover by

BRIAN FROU

Written by JOSHUA DYSART Illustrated by ALEX SHEIKMAN and LIZZY JOHN

Lettered by DERON BENNETT . Designed by FAWN LAU . Edited by TIM BEEDLE and STEPHEN CHRISTY Based on the film by Jim Henson and Frank Oz • Written by David Odell • Conceptual Design by Brian Froud

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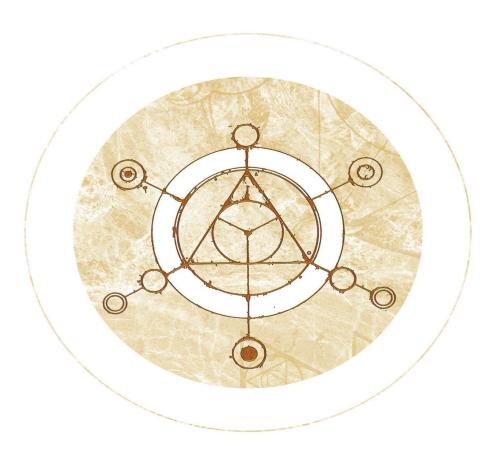
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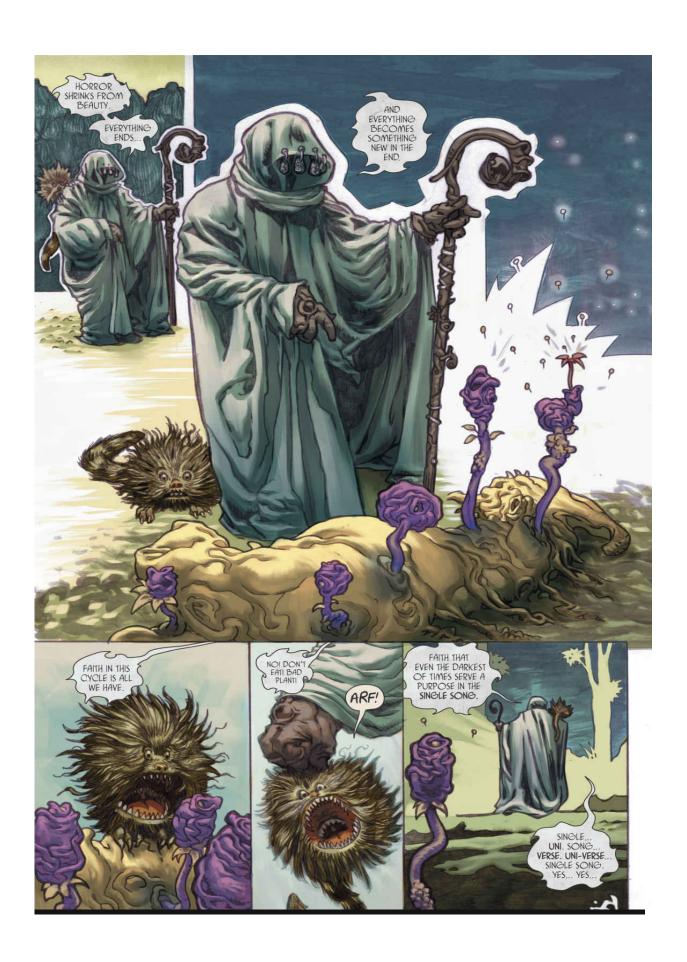
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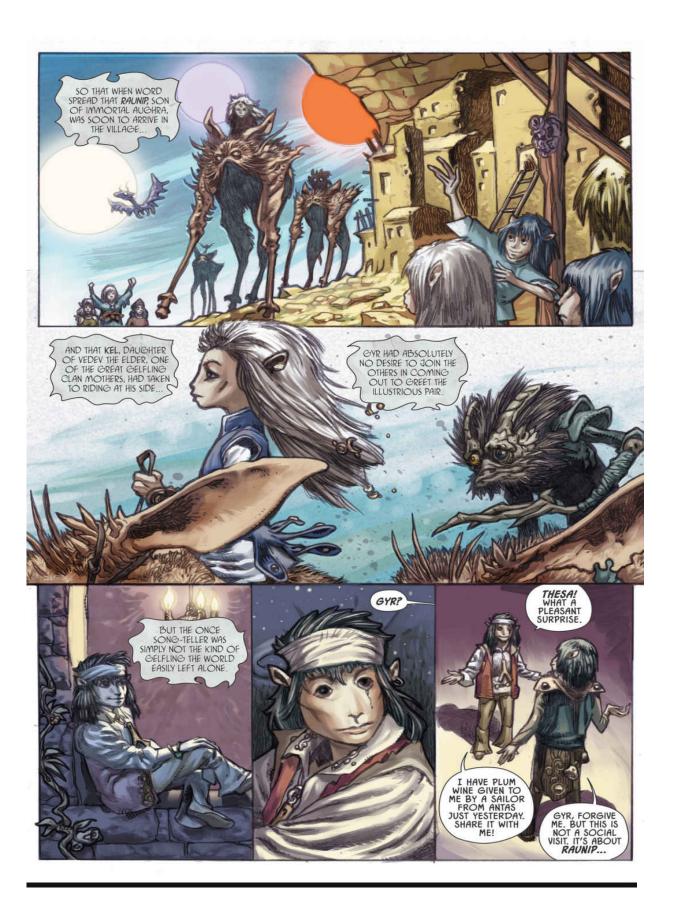


























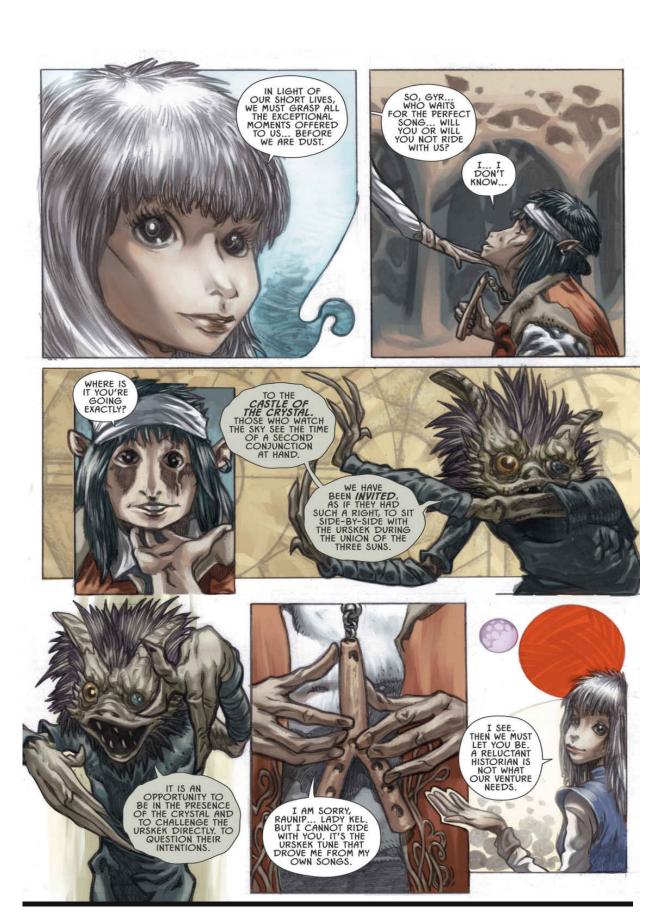
































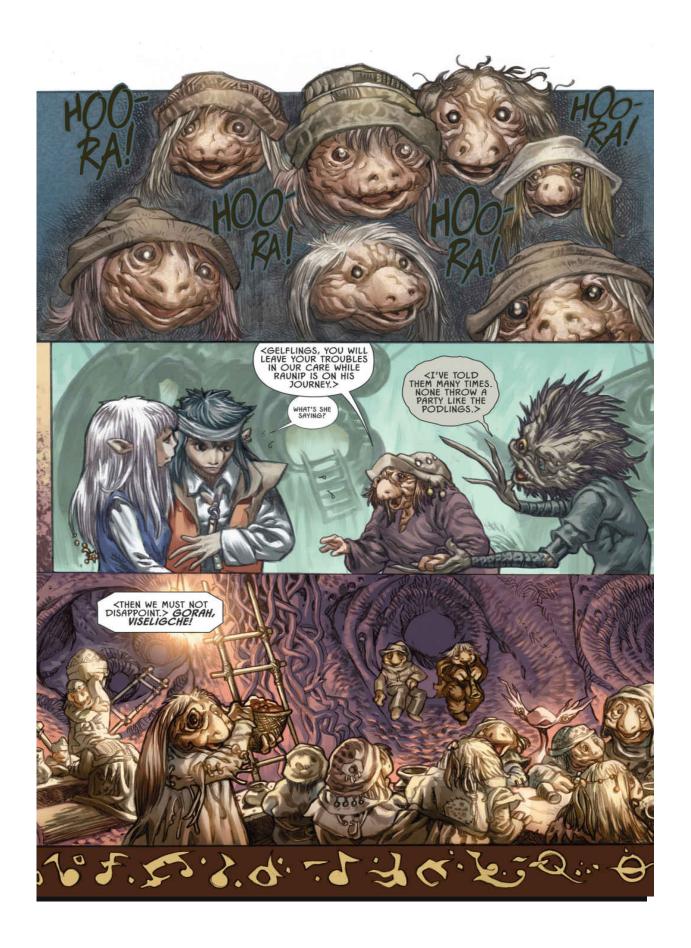










































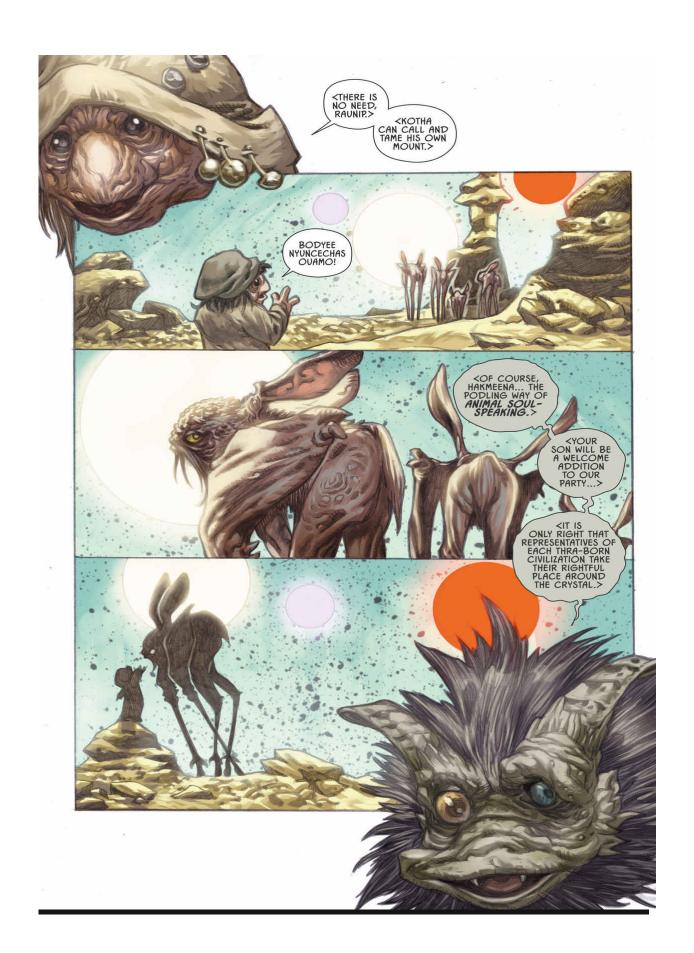




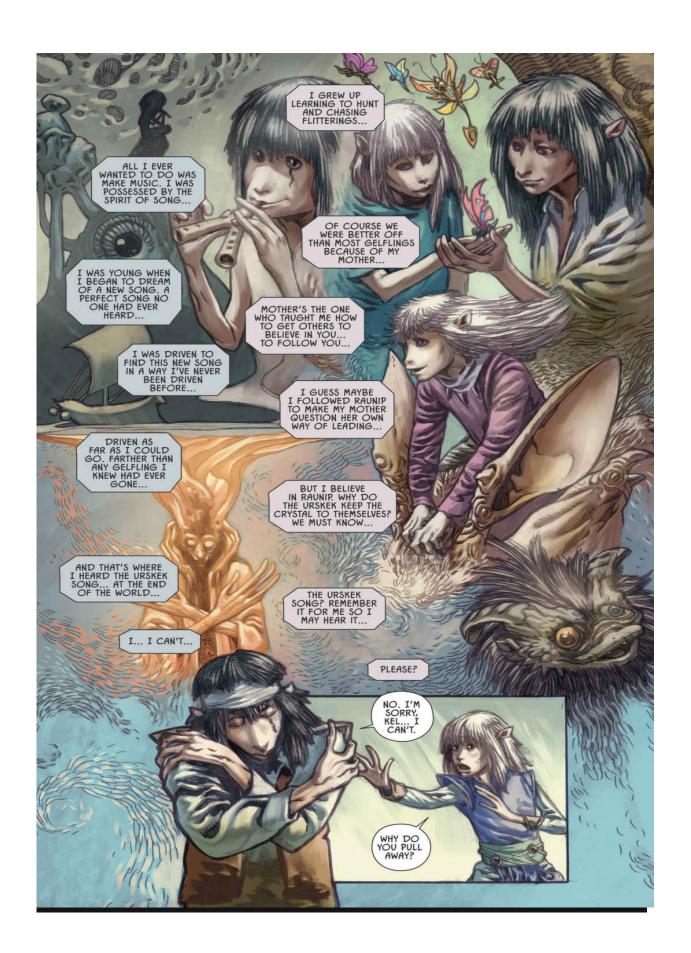


















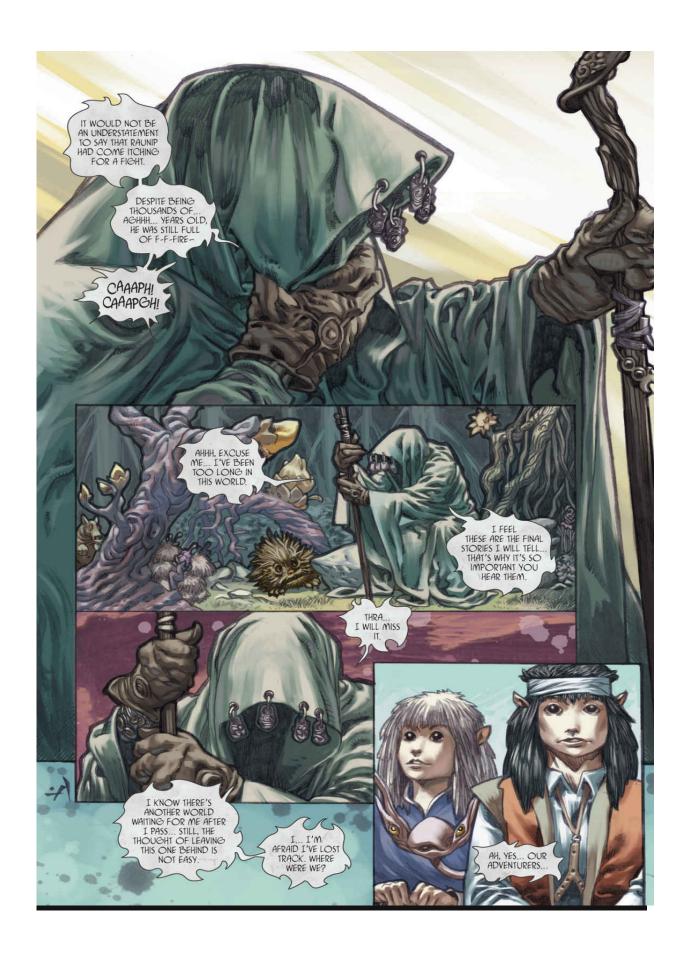


















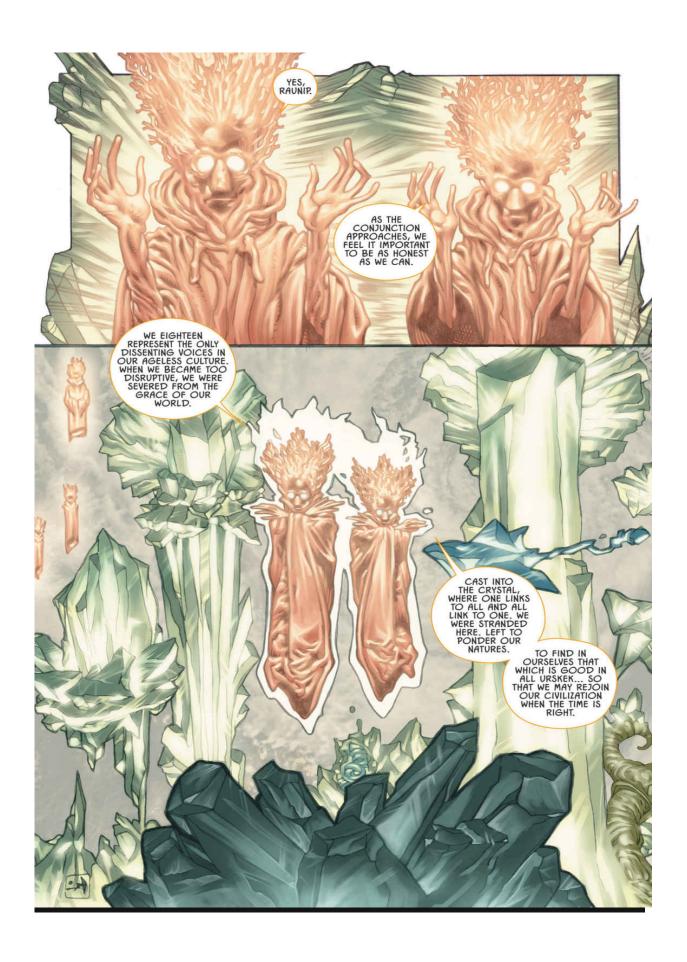








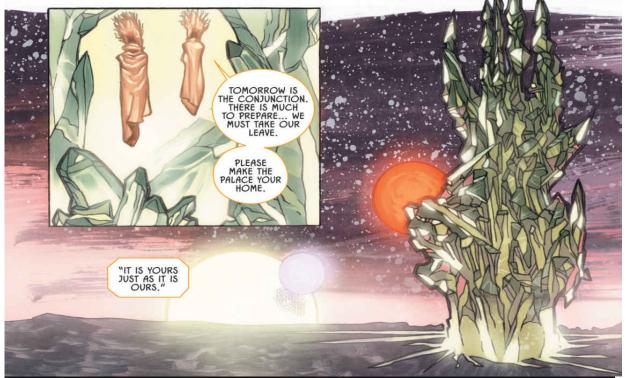








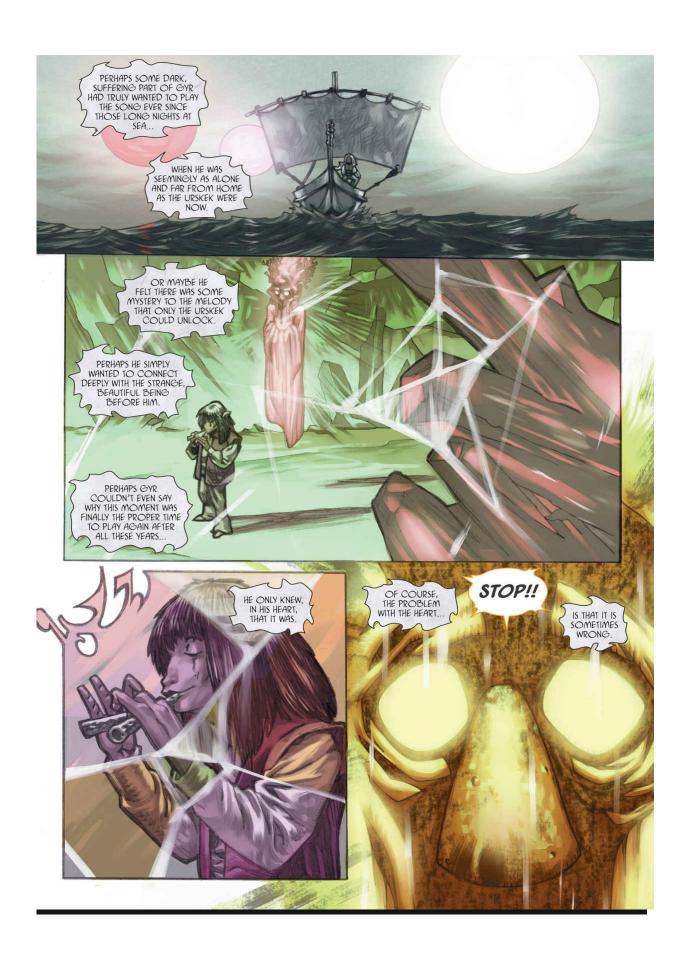




















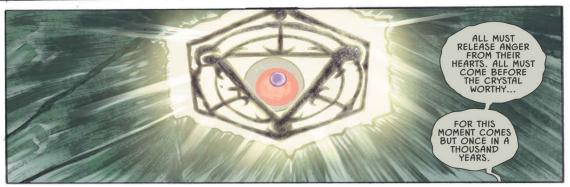












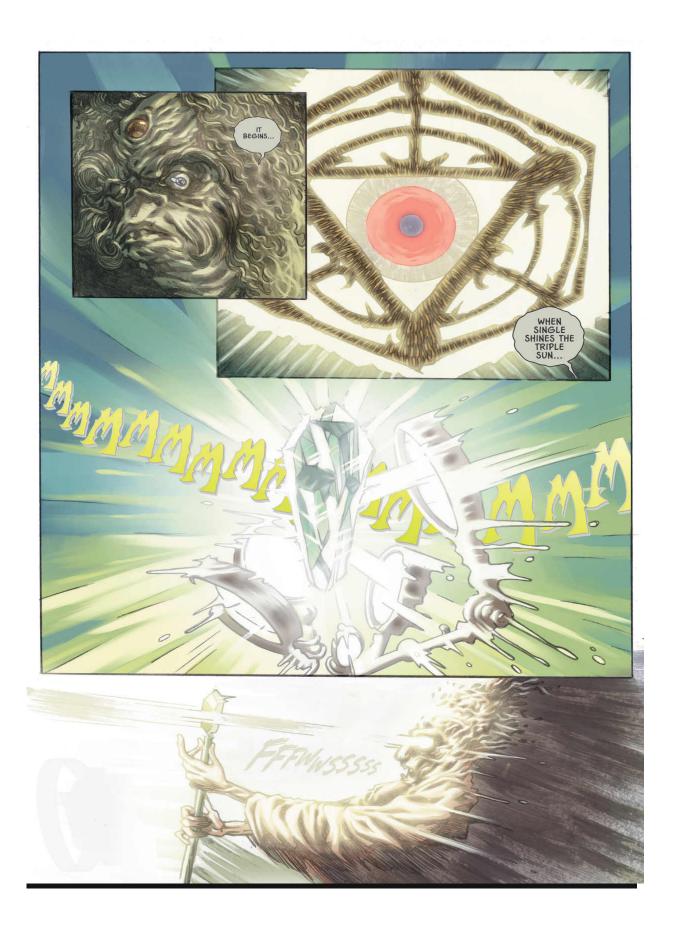


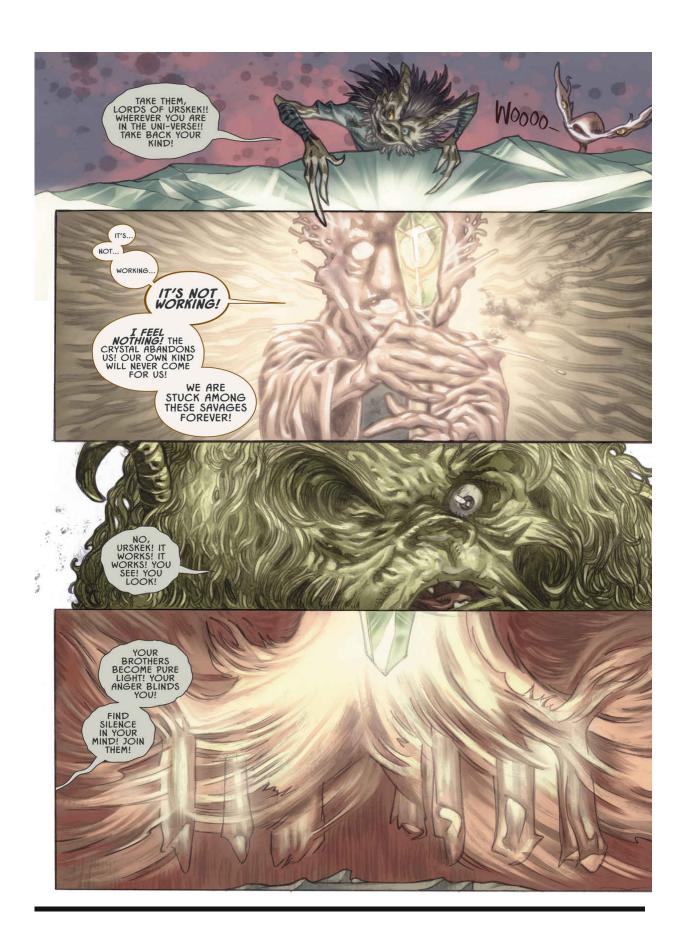
















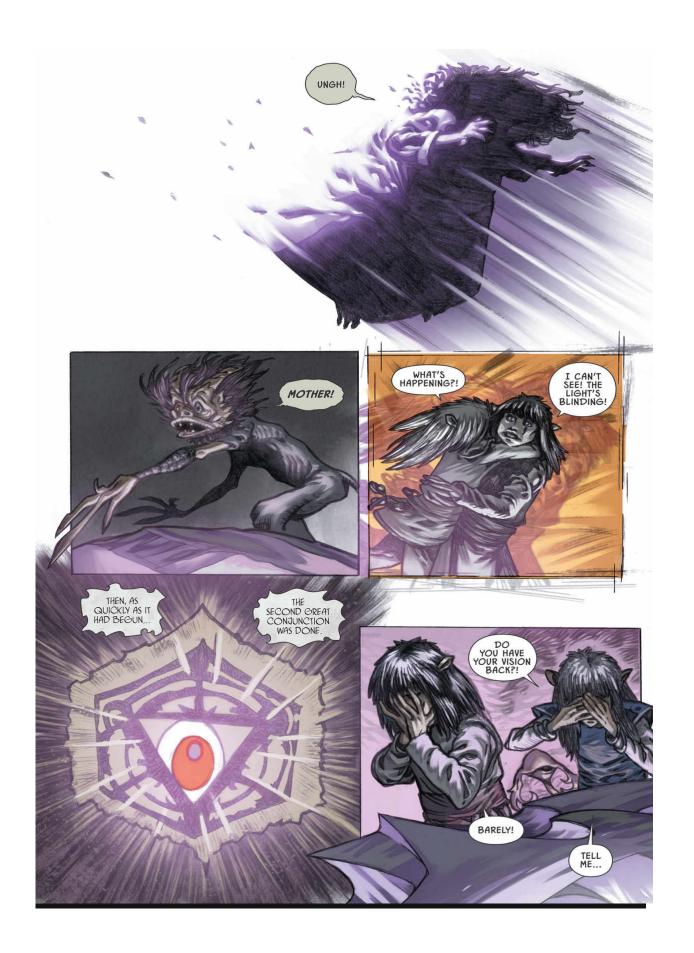








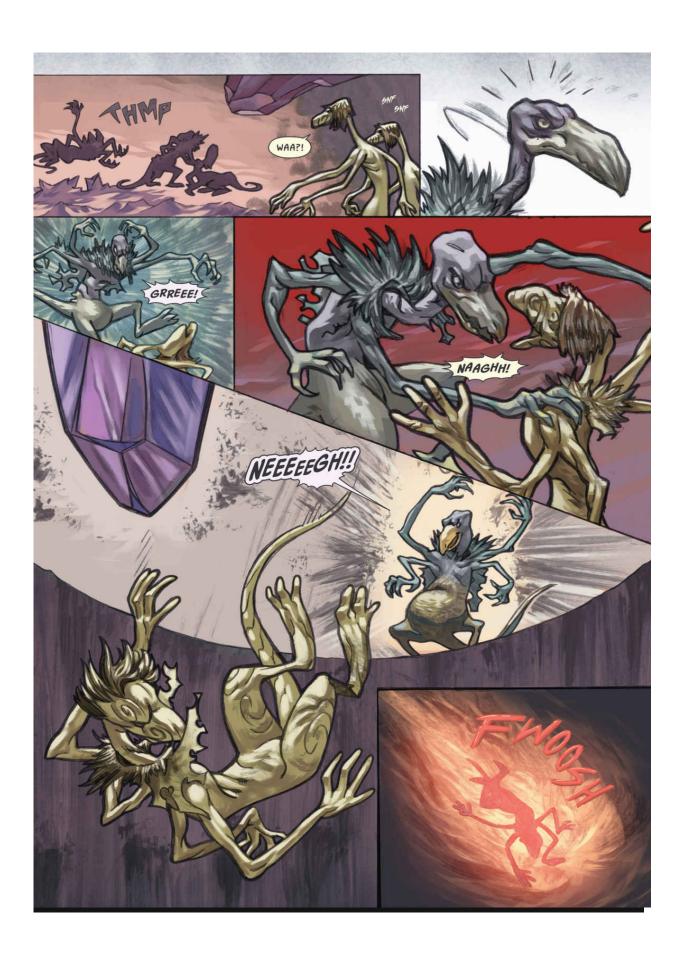






















































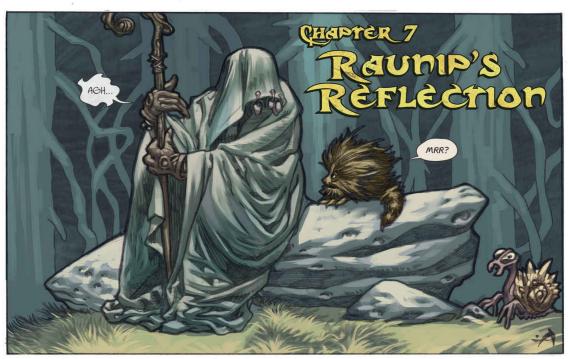






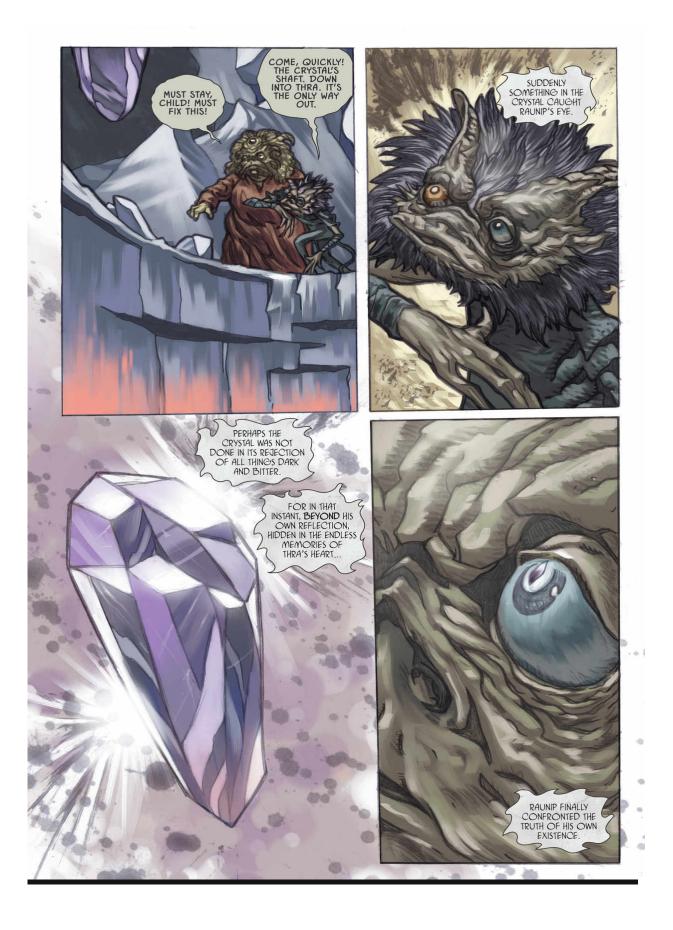














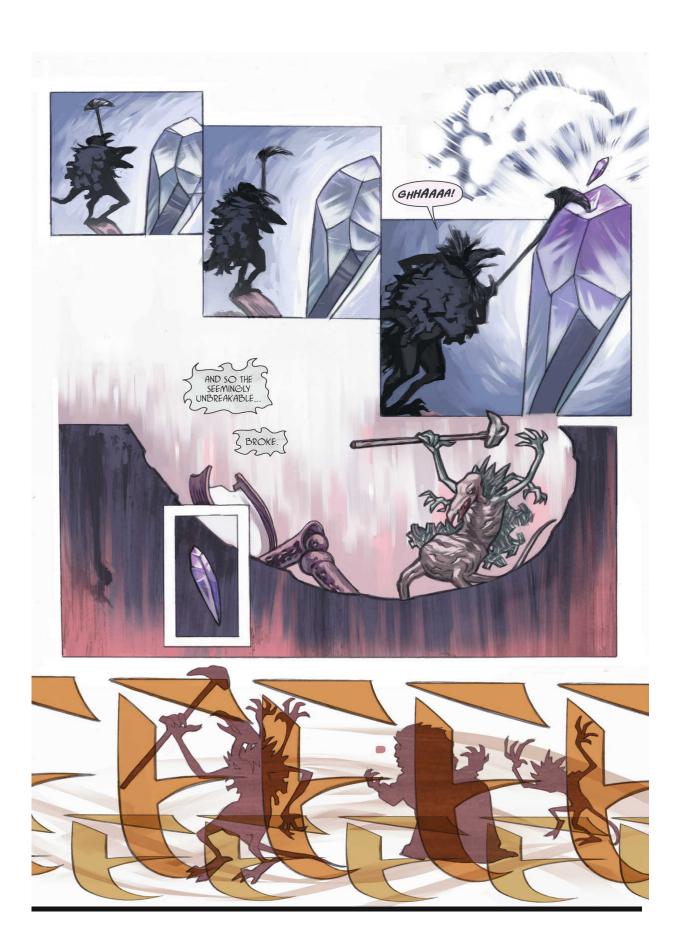






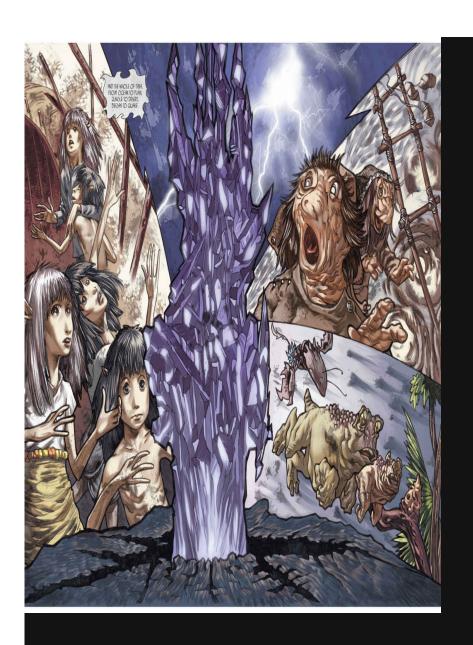


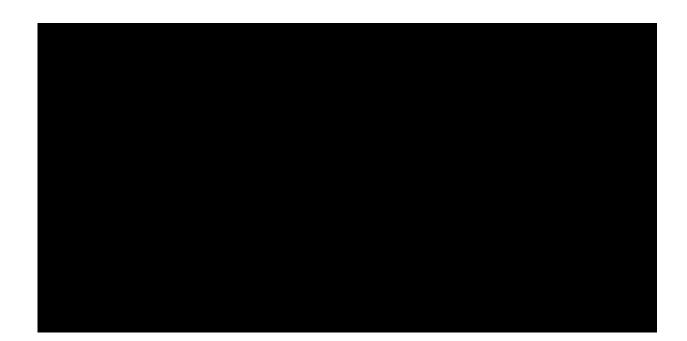






























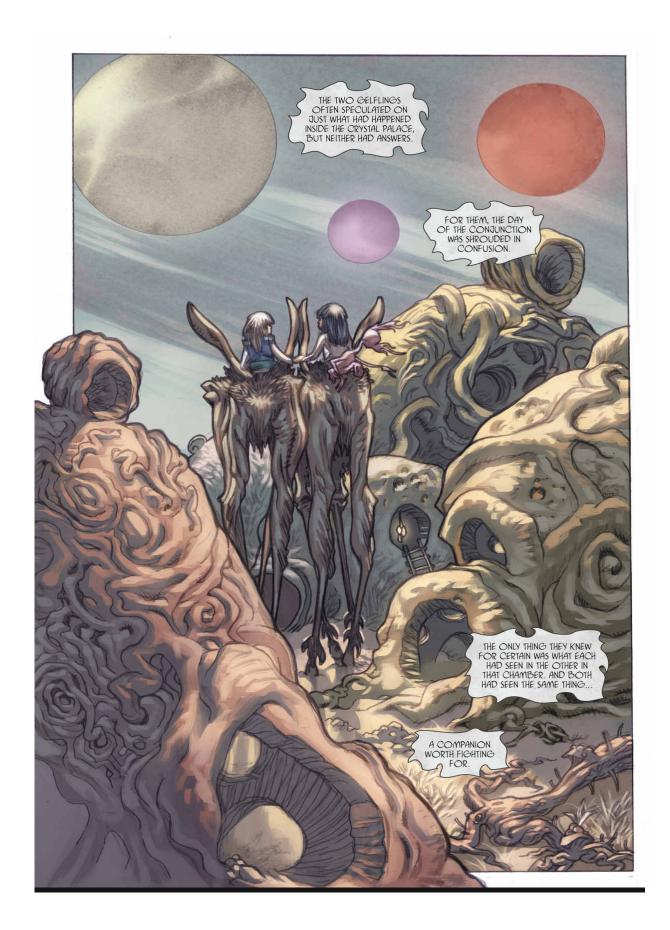










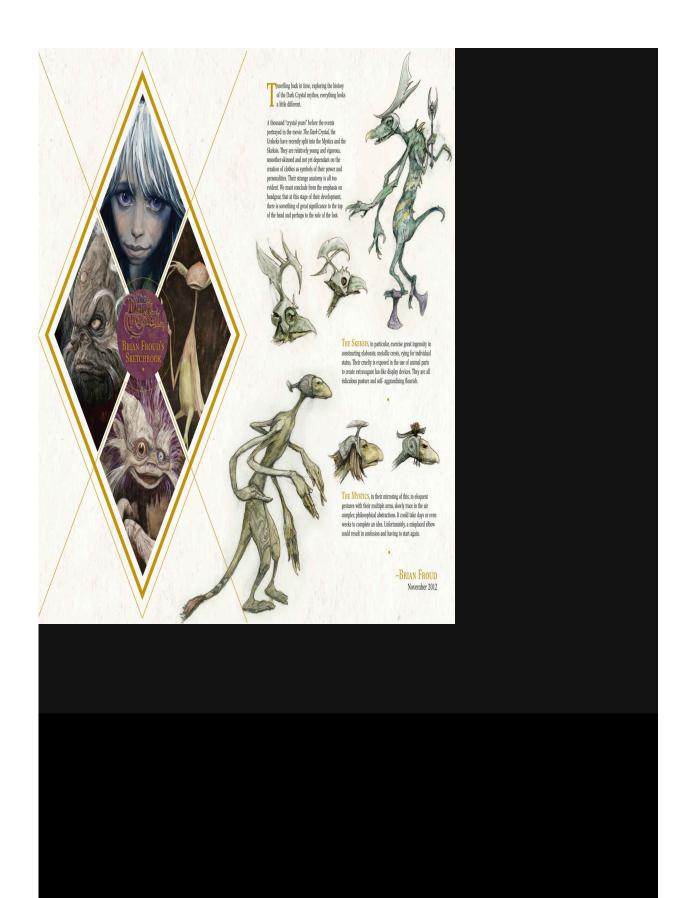


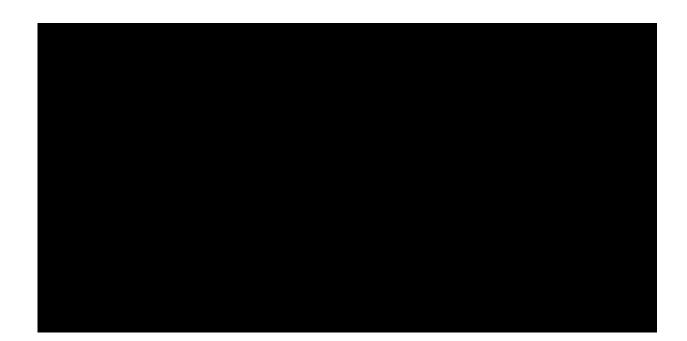


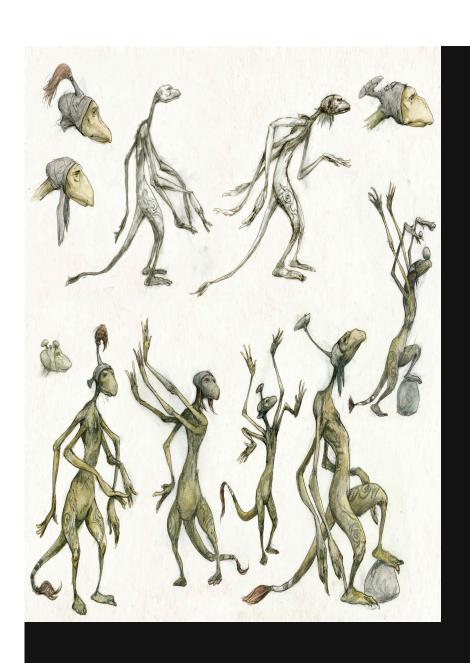


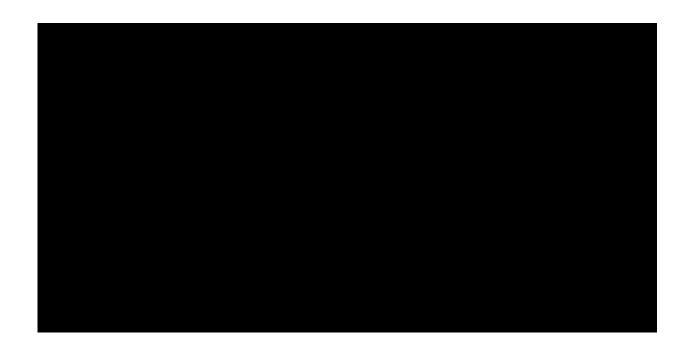




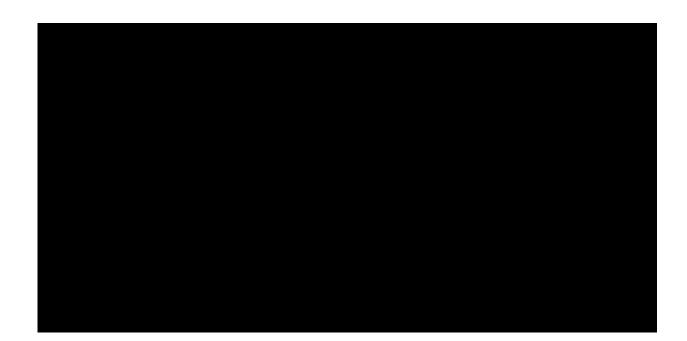


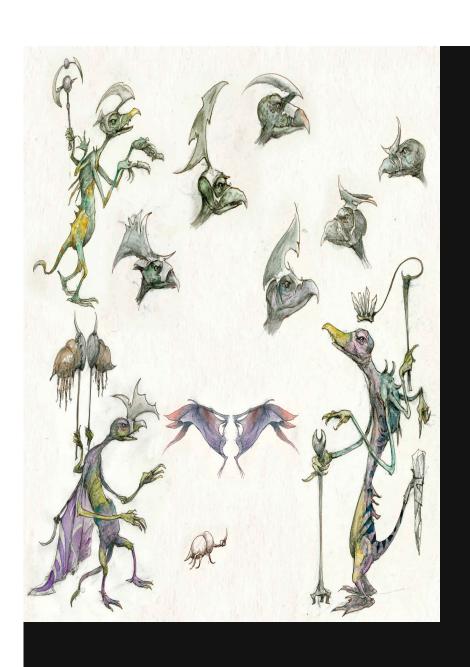


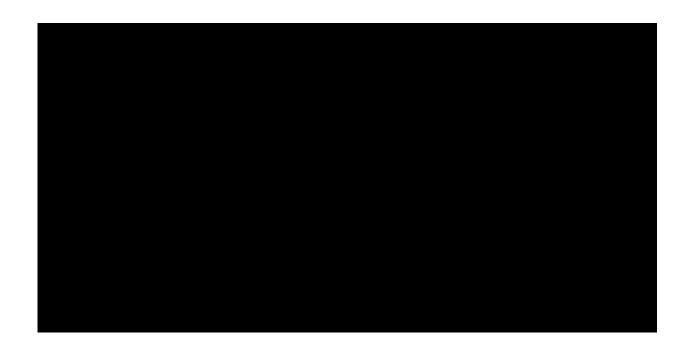












REFLECTIONS ON MAKING THE DARK CRYSTAL



AND WORKING WITH JIM HENSON BY DAVID ODELL



worked with Jim Henson for five years on *The Muppet Movie, The Muppet Show*, and *The Dark Crystal*. He was the only genius I ever worked for. He was incredibly creative, astonishingly hard working, gentle, sensitive, kind, but with a wicked sense of humor. He was also unflappable. When disaster would strike, as it occasionally does in film and TV, he was invariably the calmest person on the set. He was a great leader, good at getting his collaborators to give him their best. I've never known anyone who inspired so much love in the people around him.

When I first started working with him I asked him what puppets could do. He launched into a great pep talk. "We can do anything with puppets," he said. "The possibilities are limitless. They can swim, they can fly, they can do karate, they can eat things..." Then he paused, and started to chuckle. "They can do anything, except walk and talk." It was true. Walking consisted of the puppeteer jiggling his arm up and down while the puppet moved across the stage. Talking consisted of flapping the puppet's lips open and shut in a rough approximation of the syllables of the dialogue. To me, that conversation symbolizes a thing about Jim's character: he was wildly enthusiastic and tended to ignore obstacles, thinking there was always a work-around. At the same time he was very practical and realistic and able to laugh at his excessive flights of fancy.

He was also a spiritual searcher. He had developed his own ideas that seemed to combine a little bit of theosophy, Hinduism, Taoism, and various new age philosophies. Before we started work on *The Dark Crystal*, he insisted I read a book called *Seth Speaks*. He had a lot of copies of this book and gave them away to people. (He also gave a copy to Brian Froud.) I was flattered that Jim wanted me to understand his spiritual insights before we collaborated. The book was written by Jane Roberts, a science fiction writer, who one day began channeling "Seth." Seth was a multi-dimensional male being, outside time and space, who dictated monologues on metaphysics through her when she was in a trance, while her husband wrote them down in shorthand. One of Jim's favorite lines that I wrote in *The Dark Crystal* script was when Aughra asks Jen where his master is, and Jen says he's dead. Aughra looks around suspiciously

A PAUD ORELL A

and mutters "He could be anywhere then." I couldn't have written that if I hadn't read the Seth book.

The spiritual lexruel of The Dark Oyatal is beauly influenced by Sech. I've always left that the idea of perfect beings split into a good mysic part and an erol materialists part which are reunited after a long separation is Jim's response to the reactionisty of that book. Jim admired that he didn't understand the book himself, and that everyone would understand it — or not understand ii — in their own ways. But he thought it specied up a whole different saay of booking at reality, which I think was one of his goals in making The Dark Oyatal

Another example of Jim's different take on reality is the strange conversation Kermit has with his ghootly double in the desert in the third act of The Mappe Masis, followed by a star falling from heaven. That seene implies the idea of multiple selves, as in reincarration or the avatast of Hindu philosophy. (The priest at Jim's funeral, as Jim had requested, read a selection from the Hindu striptures.)

I pointed out to Jim once the similarity in the endings of The Date Graph and The Juliped Pales. The roof falls away and the puppers are bathed in a blast of light from beares, which seems to spike all their problems. I saked him if it was a personal symbol of something, like the Christian puraches or the beginning of Gensies: "Let there be light." He said he had never connected the two occurs in his midd, but he found strange echoes of things were abovays turning to the count strange echoes of things were abovays turning.

up in his work. Another time I pointed out to him that both The Mappe Movie and The Davit Crystal have tourus senses in them, one done for comedy with Kermit and Mel Books) and the other durber and more disturbing I tasked if he wasn't a findle hit into return for some reason. He said, "I hate torture. It's so ussertion's into think about it. I think I must have been notrated in a nervisus Bic."

I came in to do the production rewrites on *The Mapped Maris*. The technology of the Mappets was new to feature filmmaking, and the film took longer to shoot than had been planned for. Since there were a lot of cames appearances by hard-to-schedule stars, the script needed rewriting to bring in new cameso whose others had to exceed

Part of the technology of the Muppets is that each performer watches his performance on a small portable TV we. Each performer has a TV, a microphoce, and a headest. Some of the hig life-size characters like Big Bird have a TV inside the puppet. In those days, before bloestooth and Wi-Fi, his meant that the hig puppers had to trail wires behind them when they moved, Jold the video up from the camera to feed the monitors, and you had a maze of wires under the stage. This made it very hard to keep hum out of the sound system. Jin explained to me that the alidity of puppeters to watch themselves from an audience POV. While they acted gae an added reality to the puppet's performance, excitable their eyesties. Phypotenerius or TV monitors was an immouston of Burr Tistrom in Chicago whose show Kuldi, Firm and Olle was the first prime time network puppet show.



Jim must have liked my work on the finale, because after shooting was wrapped, he called me up and asked me to read his story of The Dail Crystal with a view to possibly writing the treatment and screenplay with him. The story was about twenty-five pages and roughed out the general shape of the world: the three different races, the double funeral at the beginning, Jus's quest, Jem meeting Kira, the three suns, the great conjunction, rounting the shared with the crystal, and the merging of the two sevarated cares at the end.

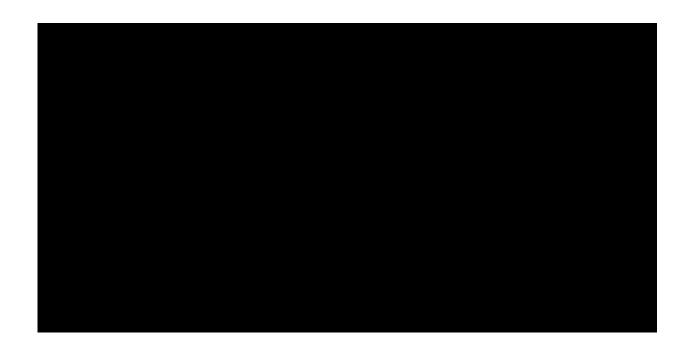
Jim had seen some drawings by an Eaglish illustrator of crocotiles wearing elaborate jewelry and they were the seed for his concept of the Sleckis, Jim began imagining a film about a world that would have such creatures in it, a world unlike any ever seen before, that not incidentally would push the art of pupperty into new areas. He called this world Mithra, In 1979 he ran across the work of Bina Frouit in a book called The Land of Final, Jim waith he know at once that Beian was the arise who could make Mithra come alice. In February 1978 Jim was swowed in at an airport houle with his daughter Cheryl, He sat down and poured out ideas into his notchook in one intense burst of invention.

Originally Jim wanted all the creatures to speak different alien languages. The images and the acting would do all the exposition, as in a silent film, but with natural sounds and music. And the audience would learn the few necessary new words while watching the music. Thinking of the man who was putting up the money, I tasked, "How does Lew Grade feel about that?" "He doesn't know yet," Jim said with a michleisouse erien.

After weeks of discussion, during which we learned we were both big fiase of the gibberish-stile foreign films that Sd Clearar used to do on his TV slow, we agreed that the Gellings would mostly speak English and the Sleckis would speak Slexish. But Jim promised me that if the preview audiences found the Slexish too hard to follow, be would replace it with Slexish-scenerate English.

There was also the related problem of names, Jim had invented a character he called Habertabat, a busy, entions linde creature, not of like Voka in his first sector in See Hist., Beian haterd the name, because he said it reminded him too much of a modern furniture store in London called Habitat., Beian hater doneen furniture. Jim and I liked the name Habertabat, but I gues to Brian it sounded the way a character called Brise-kaa would tooky. The drawing Brian did of Habertabat was of a histoness monster sort of like a one-eyed witch, and for a while she was called Ogra, but I sald Jim I feit the name was too much like "Ogra," which might make the audience feel she was an exil monster rather than the wise and more sympathetic character who is recalled as the story goes on. So we compromised on spelling if a barbas, manufacture, an unsubsets.

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For the scene where Jen goes to Aughra's house I proposed that Aughra have an orrery, or clockwork astronomical model. I worked out an orbit for a planet with three suns where the three suns would line up in concentric circles overhead at rare intervals. Jim was very enthusiastic about it, and we were talking about having the orrery demonstrate the Great Conjunction while Jen is looking at Aughra's crystals. Jim wanted to put it in the background so Jen doesn't notice, but where the audience might notice it on a second viewing. When Harry Lange the art director did a first budget it came to almost enough money to make a whole movie with, so we had to settle for the one-sun orrery we got. I was knocked out when I finally saw it on the set, and I think it gave a nice boost of energy to the end of the first act. A number of people have remarked to me that the makers of Smila's Sense of Snow must have liked it too, because they seemed to have borrowed the orrery concept for their movie, though theirs is not as well motivated dramatically.

Planning for people to see *The Dark Crystal* more than once was one of the things Jim tried to design into it from the beginning. Producer Gary Kurtz had pointed out to him that one of Lucas' brilliant choices in *Star Wars* was cutting his movie a little bit too fast for audiences to take in everything at the first viewing, which made them want to see it more than once. One shot in *The Dark Crystal* that most people don't catch on the first viewing is in the final scene with the Urskeks in the throne room before they disappear. You can see that the fiery shaft underneath the Crystal has been filled in and is now paved with flat stones. Healing the Crystal has not only healed the rift between the two races, it has healed the wound in the planet. (This was not intentional, it was one of those happy accidents. The scene was one of the last scenes shot, the film was over budget and running out of time, and it would have taken too long to rig the fiery shaft.)

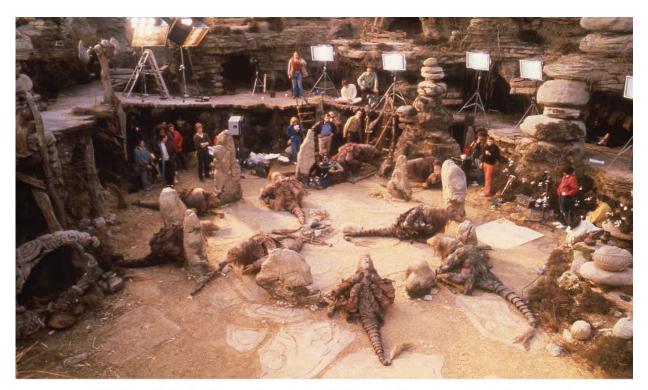
I invented a language for the Skeksis to speak, and a related language for the Mystics, using Indo-European roots. It demonstrated that Skexish was a cruder, uglier version of the Mystic language. But in the rush before principle photography started, nobody seemed interested in the performers learning a new language. They were mostly interested in whether the costumes would be inhabitable, if the characters would be able to move around without showing the cables connecting their TVs, and if the audience would be able to tell the different characters apart. So I stopped pushing the language, since I believed it would ultimately be replaced by English anyway. Some lines in the script were in Skexish with the English meaning in parentheses so the actors would know the subtext of the scene. But if the actors had to fill an awkward pause or felt the need to join in a crowd response, they would have to improvise. The only remnant of the original Skexish is in the judgment stone duel, when the Chamberlain shouts "Haakskeeka!" meaning "Judgment By Stone" or "Let the Stone Decide!"

Jim knew the Mystics and the Skeksis would move slowly (both for character reasons—they were very, very ancient—and for the practical necessity of moving the large, complex puppets), so Jim wanted to fill the frame with a lot of design detail, even in the scenes with the smaller, faster-moving characters. When the film was finished, he told me he loved watching it over and over, because "it was like a rich fruitcake, full of different ingredients, and every bite you discover something new and delicious." (Jim's high metabolism and active life allowed him to be a connoisseur of rich desserts, which he had with lunch and dinner every day.)

Jim's original name for the Mystics was the Ooo-urrrs, which he would pronounce very slowly and with a deep resonant voice. Looking at him you could sense his vision of how they would move and how their movement would have a hypnotic, spiritual quality. I changed the long spelling to a simple Ûr with a circumflex over it, and then Brian added a "u" at the end for the plural, making it more alien.

I tried to establish the rule that "Skesis" was singular, And the plural was "Skeksis," but that distinction fell by the wayside early in shooting.

I wrote a first draft of the treatment in the fall of 1978 based on conversations with Jim and his story notes from the snowed-in airport hotel. Meanwhile Jim was busy doing Sesame Street, post production



on *The Muppet Movie*, planning recordings, theme park rides, and video games, and gathering a crew of artists and puppet builders to create the creatures and the world of Thra. Then in February we all moved to London to do *The Muppet Show* at Boerum Wood studios. The TV show was done at Lew Grade's ATV studio, and across the street *The Dark Crystal* would be done at Elstree, where Kubrick had made 2001 and Spielberg had shot *Indiana Jones*. Gary Kurtz of *Star Wars* and *The Empire Strikes Back* would be co-producer. And Frank Oz would co-direct with Jim.

The puppet builders and designers were located in an abandoned post office that Jim had bought across the street from his house in Hampstead, up the block from the house where Keats had written the "Ode to a Nightingale." Because Jim worked sixteen hours a day seven days a week he found it convenient to have the workshop across the street from his house. There was also a gourmet restaurant across the street where Jim often ate (he was fond of their desserts).

I lived in Highgate across Hampstead Heath. I would walk across the Heath from my house to meet with Jim at his house or at the workshop. And there were lots of meetings, with thirty artists and costumers and puppet builders sitting around with Jim and Frank, arguing about tiny details of puppet design and story concepts, looking at set models, Brian's latest drawings, and Wendy Midener's character sculptures. I remember one two-hour meeting that was about how many warts there would be and their placement on the faces of some of the pod-people. I once complained to Jim about all the meetings, and he said "Well, don't forget, I've been running a crew of artists for years. You need to let them hash it all out, and then they go off and do their best work."

Fizzgig was a new character Frank invented for the movie. He had added a new character to *The Muppet Show* in the last season. He felt Miss Piggy was falling into a rut, being asked by the writers to be "too harsh" all the time, and he wanted to explore more of her soft feminine side. So he invented a little poodle, a lap dog for her to carry around, whom he called Poopsie. His idea was she could be sweet and loving to this dog that all the other characters hated, but she wouldn't accept any criticism of him. The character was built, but the English TV executives all agreed that the name was too scatological, so his name was changed to Foo-Foo. Frank liked the way Foo-Foo worked to give Piggy a foil, and he wanted a similar character for Kira in *The Dark Crystal*.







Frank came up with the name Fizzgig which was an obsolete 18th century term for "firecracker."

His concept was a character who could suddenly explode with rage but would be a pet or companion to Kira, which would help show her sensitive, nurturing side. Jim was not fond of the character at first because he saw a retread of Foo-Foo. (Jim hated to repeat himself. He wanted to do something different every time. It was part of his obsessive creativity.)

I asked Jim what he hated most about the character, and he said he didn't like Kira having to haul the creature around. And he was afraid they'd end up having to use a real animal to do walking shots as they had to with Foo-Foo. But a real animal would not fit with his desire to invent creatures you've never seen before. He was also afraid the creature would get between Kira and his character Jen. It's no secret that Jim identified with Jen, as he did with Kermit. (The first time I saw Wendy's sculpture of Jen in the workshop it looked to me a lot like Brian Henson, who was about sixteen at the time.) Jim had explained to me that one secret of the Muppets was that the characters the puppeteers identified with most strongly were often those that worked best for the audience. Remembering Willis, the Martian flatcat in Robert Heinlein's Red Planet, I suggested that if Fizzgig could move differently, in an alien way, then he wouldn't seem like a lap dog. After some discussion we came up with a character who was a ball of fur with just the eyes showing, who could roll or bounce to move around, and who would change to all mouth (and teeth!) when he was angry or frightened. Dave Goelz gave a stellar performance of the part.

Once the Habeetabat/Aughra scenes had been shot, Jim had a lot of trouble with casting the voice actor. In explaining how to write the part he told me his inspiration was the seagull in Watership Down, brilliantly done by Zero Mostel as a kind of insane bird struggling to overcome Tourette's syndrome. Frank's performance had been great as usual, but Jim felt he needed a female voice. He read a lot of actresses but nobody was good enough to match Frank's performance, until Jim found Billie Whitelaw, who nailed it.

When the movie was finished the distributor screened it for some test audiences in Washington D.C. and Detroit, Michigan. Whether as Gary Kurtz explained it, in their enthusiasm for the imagery Jim and Frank had cut out too much necessary exposition, or whether people had come expecting a light-hearted romp with Kermit and Piggy, audiences were bewildered and repulsed by the sight of grotesque lizards snarling at one another in meaningless shrieks. As soon as the movie started, people began walking out, The word quickly spread in Hollywood that Jim's movie was a disaster. But Jim didn't waver in his belief that he had made a good movie, and it was just a matter of tweaking it here and there. Jim was afraid that Lew Grade and his underlings did not believe it was a good movie, and would try to cut their losses by skimping on publicity and promotion.

So the opening was delayed, and it was decided to write narration over the first scene in the castle and to replace the Skeksis' guttural snarls with English. Alan Garner, a British sci-fi writer, came in and wrote the narration. And I was delegated to replace the Skeksis' dialogue with English.

I flew up to Toronto where Jim was shooting his new show Fraggle Rock, and we sat in a hotel room running a tape backwards and forwards, counting lip flaps to see where we could put dialogue that would sync with the action. (At that time VHS had to de-thread the tape to go backward and forward, so we used a Betamax which could jog-shuttle like a Moviola without losing picture.)

I'd put English dialogue in the shooting script so the actors would know the subtext of the scenes. I had written it in a literary kind of English in case we decided to use it as subtitles under the Skexish. But







since the performers had been speaking gibberish, my English dialogue didn't fit the puppets' mouth movements. Now it had to be replaced by whatever I could make fit.

But oddly the new dialogue was better, less literary, more...alien. The creatures were speaking a language never spoken by human beings. It fit well with Jim's concept of a world like none you have ever seen. The movie came together and started to work. (You can see a segment of the original with Skexish dialogue as an extra on the DVD release.)

While Jim was remixing the film, I got a call from my lawyer, Tom Pollock, who was also one of Jim's lawyers. Tom told me that Lew Grade had sold his company, and therefore *The Dark Crystal*, to an Australian named Robert Holmes a Court. I said Robert who? He said "Holmes a Court," and spelled it out for me. I said that's a strange name for an Australian. Tom said "It's a pretty strange name for anybody.

My heart sank. I had complete confidence that the new version worked as a movie, but would the new owner release it with the necessary care?

Jim started screening the film again, mainly to show Holmes a Court that this was actually a good movie and encourage him not to dump it for a write-off. But Holmes a Court's people couldn't seem to work up any enthusiasm. The bad previews, the need to revoice the soundtrack, and the film's delayed delivery had everyone in Hollywood saying it was a turkey.

But a strange thing happened when people outside the film business (civilians, as they are called) saw the new version. People could now follow the plot and found they could identify with the characters. Many confessed to being profoundly moved by the ending. People started calling the Henson Company asking when it would be released, because they wanted to take their friends, or their kids, or their parents. The movie was scheduled to open at Christmas. Jim still didn't feel it would get the right promotion, so he offered to buy back the film himself. Holmes a Court said "Sold!" and Jim was the proud owner of *The Dark Crystal*. Jim had broken the one rule they warn you about in Hollywood: never put your own money in your movie.

The picture opened well and made about \$40 million in its first two months of release. It's since become a classic and a terrific seller on DVD, largely to people in their thirties who fell in love with it when they were kids. It's also won a new generation of fans, in midnight screenings and TV, and spawned a full array of books, games, toys, lunch boxes, manga, and the current series of graphic novel prequels published by Archaia. Every time I see a midnight screening advertised I think "Jim, you believed in it, and you were right, it really is a good movie."



David Odell has written TV and screenplays, and directed episodes of Tales From the Darkside. In addition to The Dark Crystal, he wrote the screenplays for Masters of the Universe, Supergirl, Nate and Hayes, War Lords of the 21st Century, Battletruck, Between Time and Timbuktu, Dealing, Cry Uncle, and the treatment for The Quiet Earth. He won an Emmy for his work on The Muppet Show, and directed Martians Go Home. With Annette Duffy he wrote a yet-unproduced screenplay for a sequel to The Dark Crystal.

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BRIAN FROUD is known worldwide as the preeminent faery artist of our time. He has published over twenty-five books, including the best selling *Faeries*, *Lady Cottington's Pressed Faery Book*, and many more. Brian and his wife Wendy have just released *Trolls*, a major hardcover book published by Abrams Books. Brian worked with Jim Henson for many years and was the designer for the iconic films *The Dark Crystal* and *Labyrinth*. Brian's art is represented in collections throughout the world and can be seen at Animazing Fine Art in New York.



JOSHUA DYSART is the multiple Eisner Awardnominated, New York Times Bestselling author of 16 graphic novels. His work has been discussed on NPR, the BBC, CNBC Africa and the NYTimes.



Born in the USSR, ALEX SHEIKMAN immigrated to the US at the age of 12 and shortly thereafter discovered comic books. Since then, he has contributed illustrations to a variety of role playing games published by White Wolf, Holistic Design and Steve Jackson Games. He is also the writer and artist of *Robotika*, *Robotika*: For A Few Rubles More, Moonstruck and a number of short stories. He lives in Northern California.



LIZZY JOHN lives in Brooklyn and spends most of her days there drawing pretty pictures. Sometimes she gets paid for it.

